

$1 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 1 =$	<b>2</b>	$2 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 2 =$	<b>4</b>	$3 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 3 =$	<b>6</b>	$4 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 4 =$	<b>8</b>	$5 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 5 =$	<b>10</b>
$6 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 6 =$	<b>12</b>	$7 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 7 =$	<b>14</b>	$8 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 8 =$	<b>16</b>	$9 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 9 =$	<b>18</b>	$10 \times 2 =$ $2 \times 10 =$	<b>20</b>

# Learn Your x2 Tables

These worksheets are a fun and easy introduction to the x2 tables.

1 Count up in 2s from the bottom rabbit holes and finish up writing on the bunny's tummy. We have done the first few for you.

All the answers in the x2 table are even numbers. They will always end with the numbers 2, 4, 6, 8 & 0.  
The answers are also doubles-  
 $4 \times 2 = \text{Double } 4 = 4 + 4 = 8$

2 Trace the calculations and words below. You can say them out loud too.